

A Quick Look at Medicare



What is Medicare?

Medicare is health insurance for:

- People 65 or older
- Certain people under 65 with disabilities
- People of any age with End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant)

What are the different parts of Medicare?

Medicare Part A (Hospital Insurance) helps cover:

- Inpatient care in hospitals
- Skilled nursing facility care
- Hospice care
- Home health care

Medicare Part B (Medical Insurance) helps cover:

- Services from doctors and other health care providers
- Outpatient care
- Home health care
- Durable medical equipment (like wheelchairs, walkers, hospital beds, and other equipment and supplies)
- Many preventive services (like screenings, shots, and yearly “Wellness” visits)

Medicare Part D (Medicare prescription drug coverage):

- Helps cover the cost of prescription drugs
- Run by Medicare-approved drug plans that follow rules set by Medicare
- May help lower your prescription drug costs and help protect against higher costs in the future

Your Medicare options

When you first enroll in Medicare and during certain times of the year, you can choose how you get your Medicare coverage. There are 2 main ways to get Medicare:

Original Medicare

- Original Medicare includes Medicare Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance).
- If you want drug coverage, you can join a separate Part D plan.
- To help pay your out-of-pocket costs in Original Medicare (like your deductible and 20% coinsurance), you can also shop for and buy supplemental coverage.

Part A



Part B



You can add:

Part D



You can also add:

Supplemental coverage



(Some examples include coverage from a Medicare Supplement Insurance (Medigap) policy, or coverage from a former employer or union.)

Medicare Advantage

(also known as Part C)

- Medicare Advantage is an “all in one” alternative to Original Medicare. These “bundled” plans include Part A, Part B, and usually Part D.
- Some plans may have lower out-of-pocket costs than Original Medicare.
- Some plans offer extra benefits that Original Medicare doesn’t cover— like vision, hearing, or dental.

Part A



Part B



Most plans include:

Part D



Some plans also include:

Lower out-of-pocket costs

Extra benefits

Get the help you need



Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to get general or specific Medicare information and important phone numbers. If you need free help in a language other than English or Spanish, say “Agent” to talk to a customer service representative. TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048.

Visit Medicare.gov to get detailed information about the Medicare health and prescription drug plans in your area, find participating health care providers and suppliers, get quality of care information, and more.

Look at your most recent “Medicare & You” handbook to learn what’s new, find out your Medicare costs, and get information about what Medicare covers.

Contact your local State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) to get free personalized counseling on Medicare coverage, claims, appeals, and help for people with limited income and resources. Visit shiptacenter.org, or call 1-800-MEDICARE to get the phone number for your local SHIP.

Visit the Eldercare Locator at eldercare.gov to find local resources, check for benefits, and plan for long-term care.

You have the right to get Medicare information in an accessible format. You also have the right to file a complaint if you feel you’ve been discriminated against. Visit Medicare.gov/about-us/nondiscrimination/accessibility-nondiscrimination.html, or call 1-800-MEDICARE for more information.

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